1. What phylum is also classified as segmented worms?
2. Guinea worms are classified in what phylum?
3. Annelids do not have a skeleton, but they do have a system that helps support their body using inner pressure. What is the name of that system?
4. Earthworms are classified in what phylum?
5. Why are Leeches fragile?
6. How do Platyhelminthes digest their food?
7. Why do Platyhelminthes not need a skeleton?
8. Why do Plathelminthes have trouble supporting their bodies under the weight of gravity?
9. Are Plathelminthes parasitic, free-living, or both?
10. If Flukes don’t have a skeletal system, how does it support its own body?
11. Approximately, how many different species of Nematode are found on earth?
12. Why is a Nematode also called a round worm.
13. The Cuticle can help support the body, but what else can it act as?
14. How long can a Guinea worm be?
15. \_ Why doesn’t a Nematode need a skeleton?

Fill in the Blanks

Fill in the blank with the most appropriate word in order to complete the sentence.

1. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ must live in tropic temperatures in order for its larvae to grow within its host.
2. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is an Annelid known for if it had its body cut in half, two will grow instead.
3. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is an Annelid known for its craving for blood and is also used in a few medical practices as well.
4. The phylum that contains segmented worms is called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
5. The phylum that contains animals that obtain their food by diffusion is called \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.